

EUROPEAN PATCHWORK 2015-2017 CULTURAL DICTIONARY

Hungary Spain Italy



Italy last meeting March 2017









Venice

Venice is a beautiful and unique city in northeastern Italy and the capital of Veneto .

Venice was built in the 5th century after the fall of the Western Roman Empire when the barbarians raided the area. The people escaped to the marshes from the mainland and started to build the city. Venetians wanted to have their buildings on a solid foundation so they used wooden poles and constructed wooden platforms on the top of these poles and built their buildings on these platforms. There aren't roads in Venice there are canals and people travel by vaporettos, boats, or gondolas. The biggest canal is the Grand Canal.

When we were in Venice we travelled by gondolas. I found it amazing! The other famous attractions of the city are the St Mark's Square, the Doge's Palace and the St Mark's Basilica.

Pálma Bata and János Chikán-Hungary





San Marco's Basilica

The building of the original basilica was started in 828 and finished in 832. The exterior of the west facade of the basilica is divided in three registers: lower, upper, and domes. The inner is based on a Greek cross, with each arm divided into three naves with a dome of its own as well as the main dome above the crossing. The upper levels of the interior are completely covered with bright mosaics covering an area of about 8,000 m2. The eastern arm has a raised presbytery with multiple choirs lofts.

My own opinion is that it is a beautiful masterpiece

Noelia Cabrera Martínez-Spain



Finale Emilia

Finale Emilia is a village in North Italy in the commune of the Province of Modena and in the Italian Region of Emilia Romagna. This village is very close to Bologna and Modena. In May 2012 an earthquake destroyed part of the historic town centre, the Tower Clock and the Castello delle Rocche.

The Tower broke in half and finally went down. After that, the people of Finale Emilia built an other clock and put it in the square near to the old one. This village is very lucky because the earthquake was very powerful and it destroyed a lot of monuments of Finale, but it resisted the earthquake and now they are rebuilding the monuments that were destroyed.

But the best of Finale Emilia is its people... They are wonderful. Samuel Martínez Navarro-Spain



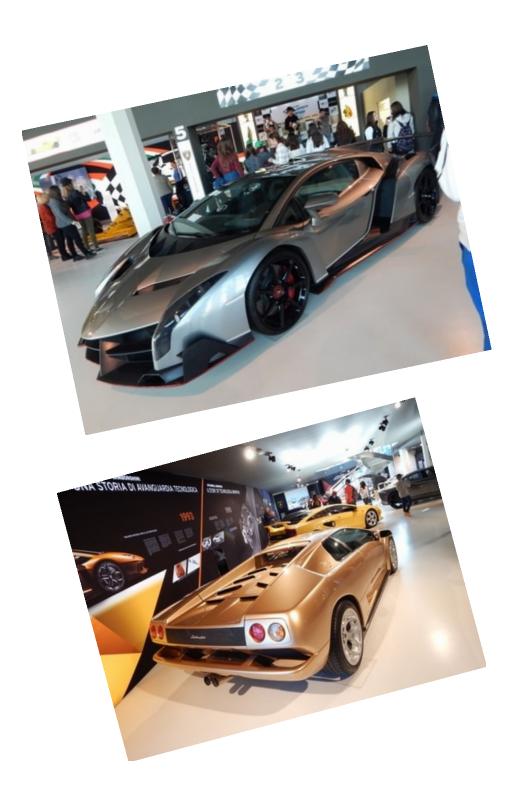


RULLI FRULLI

The band is composed by 20 boys and 20 girls. They play instruments made with recycled objects. IT WAS AMAZING! WE MADE SO MUCH NOISE! When we finished we painted a barrel that was a drum. We used lots of paint! One painted a flag of Italy, another a flag of Spain and another one a flag of Hungary and we made some instruments with recycled materials. IT WAS MARVELLOUS SHARING THAT MOMENT WITH OUR ITALIAN AND HUNGARIAN MATES...

THE BAND IS INCREDIBLE!

Alejandro Durán-Spain



Lamborghini Museum

The story of the Lamborghini luxury car began with the competition between two Italian men Ferruccio Lamborghini and Enzo Ferrari.
The Lambo's logo is a bull, called "Murciélago", which was a very aggressive and strong animal.
The frontal part of the car evokes the imagine of a bull. The gull wings doors look like the bull's horns. A lot of Lambo cars were named after famous Spanish bulls, like Miura, the Gallardo and the Murciélago, Aventador.

Today Lamborghini cars are under the ownership of Audi AG, which bought the Lamborghini car company in 1998.

Zsolt Szilágyi-Hungary





Italian Pasta

Italy is the home of pasta. More than a thousand kinds of pasta are manufactured here. Italians serve pasta as appetizer. The most familiar types are spaghetti, macaroni, lasagne, tortellini and of course pizza. When you cook pasta, it should be 'al dente'. It means "to the tooth" meaning that the pasta should be neither too hard nor too soft. After cooking, pasta is mixed with butter and olive oil. It is eaten with a special sauce called ragu or sugo in Italian. These sauces are made with vegetables, fish, mushroom, meat, shell or crayfish. Cheese is usually spread on the top of the dish. I think Italian pasta is very delicious.

Antal Kristóf-Hungary



The balsamic vinegar museum

Modena is a beautiful city in Italy. In the surrounding settlements there are a lot of museums and factories. We visited the balsamic vinegar museum. In the museum we could see a lot of wood barrels filled with balsamic vinegar. We watched a short film about how they produce balsamic vinegar. Grapes are harvested, crushed and pushed through sieves, boiled for 24 hours then they are matured for years.In the museum we could taste the balsamic vinegar . It has got an unusual taste. The older ones are thicker, frutier in taste and more valuable. It was a very good day, when we visited the museum.

Gergő Somogyi-Hungary



Farewell Party

When I was in Italy, our Italian friends made a beautiful party to say goodbye. This amazing party consisted in: Italian, Spanish and Hungarian performances.

The Italian students prepared a funny magic show, nice songs and a play. The Spanish students sang beautiful songs and danced . It was like a cross cultural melting point, we enjoyed so much doing it. The Hungarian show consisted in different folk dances and very good songs!!

Finally, we sang all together the beautiful song and Hymn of the project, Alegria.

But also our friendly Italian friends gave us a present. After the amazing show we had a yummy dinner that was delicious and special!

Sara Madrid Ortiz-SPAIN

Erasmus Plus

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written by the students of

Felsőtárkány Általános Iskola (Hungary)

Ceip La Acena (Spain)

I.C.Castelfranchi (Italy)